

## Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Human CD43 Antibody[HI161]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1328M1

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

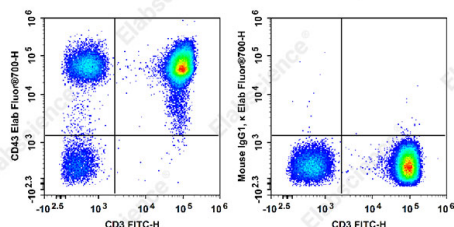
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG1, κ
Clone No.	HI161
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor® 700 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792M1]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® 700
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® 700 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 719 nm (e.g., a 725/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer.

### Applications

### Recommended usage

**FCM** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

### Data



Staining of normal human peripheral blood cells with FITC

Anti-Human CD3 Antibody[OKT-3] and Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Human CD43 Antibody[HI161](left) or Elab Fluor® 700 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control(right). Cells in the lymphocytes gate were used for analysis.

### Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 24 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

### Antigen Information

Alternate Names	Leukocyte Sialoglycoprotein;Leukosialin;Ly-48;Sialophorin
Uniprot ID	P16150
Gene ID	6693

### For Research Use Only

## Background

CD43, also known as Ly-48, leukosialin, sialophorin, leukocyte sialoglycoprotein, and W3/13, is a large single chain, type I transmembrane glycoprotein with abundant O-glycosylation and sialylation sites. It has been reported that CD43 binds to CD54 and Siglec-1. CD43 plays dual roles in cell adhesion and anti-adhesion as well as costimulation of T cell activation and survival, and induction of apoptosis of T cells and hematopoietic progenitors.