## **Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.**





# AF/LE Purified Anti-Mouse CD86 Antibody[GL-1]

Catalog Number: GF09940

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Description**

Reactivity Mouse

Immunogen Recombinant Mouse CD86 protein

**Host** Rat

lsotype Rat lgG2a, κ

Clone GL-1

**Purification** >98%, Protein A/G purified

Conjugation None (AF/LE)

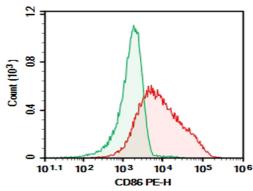
Buffer Sterile PBS, pH 7.2. < 1.0 EU per mg of the antibody as determined by the

LAL method.

## Applications Recommended Dilution

FCM  $2 \mu g/mL(0.5 \times 10^6 - 1 \times 10^6 \text{ cells})$ 

#### **Data**



C57/BL6 Mouse splenocytes were stained with 0.2 μg AF/LE Purified Anti-Mouse CD86 Antibody[GL-1] (Right) and 0.2 μg Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (Left), followed by PEconjugated Goat Anti-Rat IgG Secondary Antibody.

## **Preparation & Storage**

Storage Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid

freeze / thaw cycles. This preparation contains no preservatives, thus it

should be handled under as eptic conditions.

Shipping Ice bag

#### **Background**

CD86 is an 80 kD immunoglobulin superfamily member also known as B7-2, B70, and Ly-58. CD86 is expressed on activated B and T cells, macrophages, dendritic cells, and astrocytes. CD86, along with CD80, is a ligand of CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4). CD86 is expressed earlier in the immune response than CD80. CD86 has also been shown to be involved in immunoglobulin class-switching and triggering of NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity. CD86 binds to CD28 to transduce co-stimulatory signals for T cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD86 can also bind to CD152, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.