

Recombinant Mouse ALCAM/CD166 Protein (His &Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSM040924

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

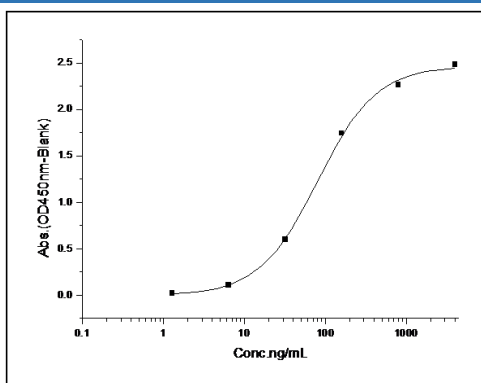
Description

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Species | Mouse |
| Source | HEK293 Cells-derived Mouse ALCAM/CD166 protein Met 1-Lys 527, with an C-terminal His & Fc |
| Calculated MW | 84.2 kDa |
| Observed MW | 105-110 kDa & 210 kDa |
| Accession | NP_033785.1 |
| Bio-activity | Immobilized mouse CD6-His at 10 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind mouse ALCAM-Fc2h, The EC ₅₀ of mouse ALCAM-Fc2h is 0.12-0.28 µg/ml. |

Properties

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Purity | > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. |
| Endotoxin | < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method. |
| Storage | Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |
| Shipping | This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. |
| Formulation | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual. |
| Reconstitution | Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information. |

Data



Immobilized mouse CD6-His (Cat: PKSM040529) at 10 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind mouse ALCAM-Fc2h, The EC₅₀ of mouse ALCAM-Fc2h is 0.12-0.28 µg/ml.

Background

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623
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Activated leukocyte cell adhesion molecule (ALCAM)/Cluster of differentiation (CD166) is a type I transmembrane cell adhesion molecule belonging to the Ig superfamily and a ligand for CD6 that is expressed on T lymphocytes. The extracellular domain of ALCAM contains five Ig-like domains (three Ig-like C2-type domains and two Ig-like V-type domains), of which the amino-terminal V1 domain is essential for ligand binding and ALCAM-mediated cell aggregation. ALCAM mediates both heterophilic (ALCAM-CD6) and homophilic (ALCAM-ALCAM) cell-cell interactions. ALCAM/CD6 interaction plays a role in T cell development and T cell regulation, as well as in the binding of T- and B-cells to activated leukocytes. Recently, homophilic (ALCAM-ALCAM) adhesion was shown to play important roles in tight cell-to-cell interaction and regulation of stem cell differentiation. While expressed in a wide variety of tissues, ALCAM is usually restricted to subsets of cells involved in dynamic growth and/or migration, including neural development, branching organ development, hematopoiesis, immune response and tumor progression. And CD166 is regarded as a potential novel breast cancer indicator and therapeutic target.

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