

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant Rat TLR4 Protein(Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PDMR100059

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Species Rat

Source Mammalian-derived Rat TLR4 proteins Asn26-Lys629, with an C-terminal Fc

Calculated MW 91.3 kDa Observed MW 110-120 kDa Accession Q9QX05

Bio-activity Not validated for activity

Properties

> 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. **Purity**

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 Storage

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

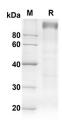
This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. Shipping Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5% Formulation

Mannitol.

Reconstitution It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of

0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

Data



SDS-PAGE analysis of Rat TLR4 proteins, 2 µg/lane of Recombinant Rat TLR4 proteins was resolved with an SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, showing bands at 91.3 KD

Background

Elabscience®

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

TLR4, also known as TLR-4, is a member of the Toll-like receptor (TLR) family, which plays a fundamental role in pathogen recognition and activation of innate immunity. TLRs are highly conserved from Drosophila to humans and share structural and functional similarities. They recognize pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) that are expressed on infectious agents, and mediate the production of cytokines necessary for the development of effective immunity. TLR4 is most abundantly expressed in placenta, and in myelomonocytic subpopulation of the leukocytes. TLR 4 has also been designated as CD284 (cluster of differentiation 284). It has been implicated in signal transduction events induced by lipopolysaccharide (LPS) found in most gram-negative bacteria. TLR4 Cooperates with LY96 and CD14 to mediate the innate immune response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS). It acts via MYD88, TIRAP and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response. It is also involved in LPS-independent inflammatory responses triggered by Ni(2+).

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:www.elabscience.com Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Email:techsupport@elabscience.com Fax: 1-832-243-6017