

PE Anti-Human CD197/CCR7 Antibody[G043H7]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1159D

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Reactivity | Human |
| Host | Mouse |
| Isotype | Mouse IgG2a, κ |
| Clone No. | G043H7 |
| Isotype Control | PE Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802D] |
| Conjugation | PE |
| Conjugation Information | PE is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and Yellow-Green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 575 nm (e.g., a 585/42 nm bandpass filter). |
| Storage Buffer | Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide. |

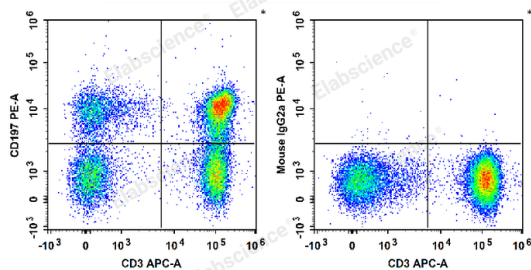
Applications

FCM

Recommended usage

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with APC Anti-Human CD3 Antibody and PE Anti-Human CD197/CCR7 Antibody (Left). Lymphocytes are stained with APC Anti-Human CD3 Antibody and PE Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (Right).

Preparation & Storage

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Storage | Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze. |
| Shipping | Ice bag |

Antigen Information

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Alternate Names | EBI1EV1;CCR-7;CDw197;CMKBR7 |
| Uniprot ID | P32248 |

For Research Use Only

Gene ID

1236

Background

CCR7, also known as CD197, is a chemokine receptor that binds CCL19 and CCL21. CCR7 and its ligands link innate and adaptive immunity by affecting interactions between T cells and dendritic cells and their downstream effect. Naïve T cells enter the lymph node through high endothelial venules, which express CCL21. Dendritic cells and macrophages enter the lymph node through afferent lymphatics. The encounter of T cells and dendritic cells in the T cell zone is CCR7-dependent. In addition, during immunological surveillance, B cells recirculate between B-cell-rich compartments (follicles or B cell zones) in secondary lymphoid organs, surveying for antigen. After antigen binding, B cells move to the boundary of B and T zones to interact with T-helper cells; this B cell migration is directed by CCR7 and its ligands. CCR7-positive cancer cell expression has been associated with lymph node metastasis.