

# GRIN1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number:E-AB-15806



**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

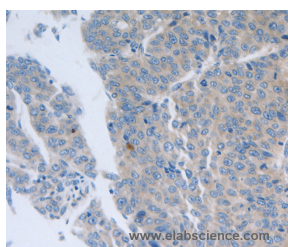
## Description

|                     |                                                     |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Reactivity</b>   | Human,Mouse,Rat                                     |
| <b>Immunogen</b>    | Synthetic peptide of human GRIN1                    |
| <b>Host</b>         | Rabbit                                              |
| <b>Isotype</b>      | IgG                                                 |
| <b>Purification</b> | Affinity purification                               |
| <b>Conjugation</b>  | Unconjugated                                        |
| <b>Formulation</b>  | PBS with 0.05% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, PH7.4 |

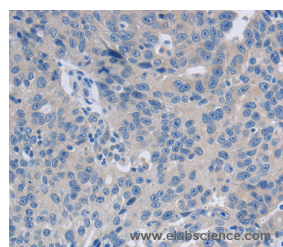
## Applications Recommended Dilution

|            |            |
|------------|------------|
| <b>IHC</b> | 1:25-1:100 |
|------------|------------|

## Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using GRIN1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution 1:50



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using GRIN1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution 1:50

## Preparation & Storage

|                |                                             |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------|
| <b>Storage</b> | Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------|

## Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a critical subunit of N-methyl-D-aspartate receptors, members of the glutamate receptor channel superfamily which are heteromeric protein complexes with multiple subunits arranged to form a ligand-gated ion channel. These subunits play a key role in the plasticity of synapses, which is believed to underlie memory and learning. Cell-specific factors are thought to control expression of different isoforms, possibly contributing to the functional diversity of the subunits. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described.

## For Research Use Only

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623

Web: [www.elabscience.com](http://www.elabscience.com)

Tel: 1-832-243-6086

Email: [techsupport@elabscience.com](mailto:techsupport@elabscience.com)

Fax: 1-832-243-6017