

ILF3 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number:E-AB-60693

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

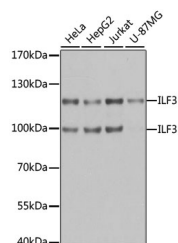
Description

Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein of human ILF3 (NP_036350.2).
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Formulation	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Applications Recommended Dilution

WB	1:500-1:2000
IF	1:50-1:200

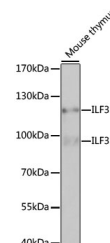
Data



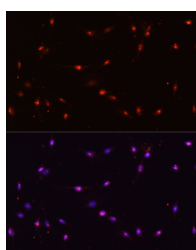
Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using ILF3 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.

Observed Mw:95kDa/120kDa
Calculated

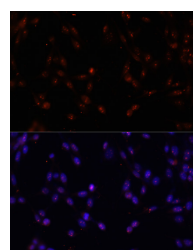
Mw:74kDa/75kDa/76kDa/82kDa/95kDa



Western blot analysis of extracts of Mouse thymus using ILF3 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.



Immunofluorescence analysis of C6 cells using ILF3 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH-3T3 cells using ILF3 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

For Research Use Only

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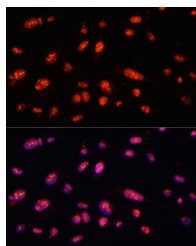
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Immunofluorescence analysis of U-2 OS cells using ILF3 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

This gene encodes a double-stranded RNA (dsRNA) binding protein that complexes with other proteins, dsRNAs, small noncoding RNAs, and mRNAs to regulate gene expression and stabilize mRNAs. This protein (NF90, ILF3) forms a heterodimer with a 45 kDa transcription factor (NF45, ILF2) required for T-cell expression of interleukin 2. This complex has been shown to affect the redistribution of nuclear mRNA to the cytoplasm. Knockdown of NF45 or NF90 protein retards cell growth, possibly by inhibition of mRNA stabilization. In contrast, an isoform (NF110) of this gene that is predominantly restricted to the nucleus has only minor effects on cell growth when its levels are reduced. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.

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