

STAT1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number: E-AB-32977



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

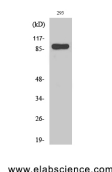
Description

Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human Stat1 around the non-phosphorylation site of Ser727.
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Formulation	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 0.5% protective protein and 50% glycerol, pH7.4

Applications Recommended Dilution

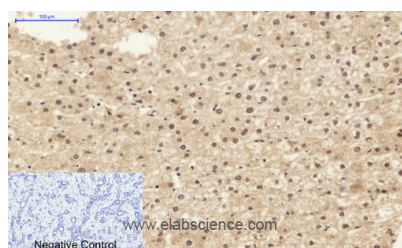
WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:100-1:300
IF	1:50-1:200
ELISA	1:10000

Data

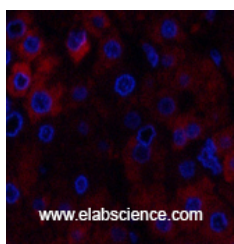


Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using Stat1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:2000.

Observed Mw:87kDa
Calculated Mw:87kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using Stat1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human liver tissue using Stat1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

For Research Use Only

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

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Signal transducer and activator of transcription that mediates signaling by interferons (IFNs). Following type I IFN (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) binding to cell surface receptors, Jak kinases (TYK2 and JAK1) are activated, leading to tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT1 and STAT2. The phosphorylated STATs dimerize, associate with ISGF3G/IRF-9 to form a complex termed ISGF3 transcription factor, that enters the nucleus. ISGF3 binds to the IFN stimulated response element (ISRE) to activate the transcription of interferon stimulated genes, which drive the cell in an antiviral state. In response to type II IFN (IFN-gamma), STAT1 is tyrosine- and serine-phosphorylated. It then forms a homodimer termed IFN-gamma-activated factor (GAF), migrates into the nucleus and binds to the IFN gamma activated sequence (GAS) to drive the expression of the target genes, inducing a cellular antiviral state.

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