

Elab Fluor® Violet 450 Anti-Human IgD Antibody[IA6-2]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1171Q

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

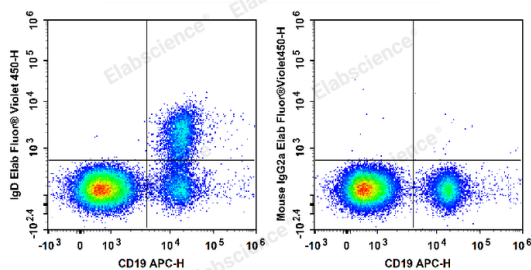
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG2a, κ
Clone No.	IA6-2
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor® Violet 450 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802Q]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® Violet 450
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® Violet 450 is designed to be excited by the violet laser (405 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 450 nm (e.g., a 450/45 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer.

Applications

Recommended usage

FCM Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with APC

Anti-Human CD19 Antibody and Elab Fluor® Violet 450 Anti-Human IgD Antibody (Left). Lymphocytes are stained with

APC Anti-Human CD19 Antibody and Elab Fluor® Violet 450 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (Right).

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 24 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	IGHD;lg delta chain C region;Immunoglobulin heavy constant delta
Uniprot ID	P01880

For Research Use Only

Gene ID

3495

Background

IgD, a member of the immunoglobulin (Ig) family, is expressed in naïve B cells. It has 3 Ig-like domains and exists in a transmembrane and a soluble form. In general, IgD is not secreted and usually its expression is lost after the Ig isotype switch. After antigen binding, IgD signals through the CD79a/CD79b (Ig α /Ig β) heterodimer, resulting in the activation of the B cell.