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## FITC Anti-Human CD8a Antibody[OKT-8]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1110C

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### Description

Reactivity Human Host Mouse

**Isotype** Mouse IgG2a, κ

Clone No. OKT-8

Isotype Control FITC Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802C]

Conjugation FITC

Conjugation Information FITC is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical

filter centered near 530 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).

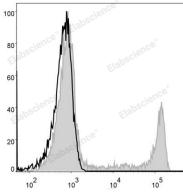
Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

#### Applications Recommended usage

**FCM** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5  $\mu$ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100  $\mu$ L staining volume or per 100  $\mu$ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

#### Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with FITC Anti-Human CD8a Antibody (filled gray histogram). Unstained lymphocytes (empty black histogram) are used as control.

## **Preparation & Storage**

**Storage** Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

#### **Antigen Information**

Alternate Names CD8A;MAL;T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain;T-lymphocyte differentiation

Web: www.elabscience.cn

antigen T8/Leu-2

 Uniprot ID
 P01732

 Gene ID
 925

## For Research Use Only

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#### **Background**

CD8a is a 32-34 kD type I glycoprotein. It forms a homodimer (CD8a/a) or heterodimer (CD8a/b) with CD8b. CD8, also known as T8 and Leu2, is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily found on the majority of thymocytes, a subset of peripheral blood T cells, and NK cells (which express almost exclusively CD8a homodimers). CD8 acts as a co-receptor with MHC class I-restricted T cell receptors in antigen recognition and T cell activation and has been shown to play a role in thymic differentiation. Two domains in CD8a are important for function: the extracellular IgSF domain binds the  $\alpha 3$  domain of MHC class I and the cytoplasmic CXCP motif binds the tyrosine kinase p56 Lck.