Recombinant SAA4 Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: AN300231P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

| Description | |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| Reactivity | Human |
| Immunogen | Recombinant Human SAA4 protein |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Clone | 3F8 |
| Purification | Protein A |
| Buffer | 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS |
| Applications | Recommended Dilution |
| WB | 1:500-1:2000 |
| FCM | 1:25-1:100 |
| ICC/IF | 1:20-1:100 |

Data



Flow cytometric analysis of Human SAA4 expression on HepG2 cells. The cells were stained with purified anti-Human SAA4, then a FITC-conjugated second step antibody. The fluorescence histograms were derived from gated events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of intact Antibody (1:60) at 37°C 1 hour. Then cells were stained with cells.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human SAA4 in HepG2 cells. Cells were fixed with 4% PFA, permeabilzed with 0.3% Triton X-100 in PBS, blocked with 10% serum, and incubated with rabbit anti-Human SAA4 Monoclonal the Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG secondary antibody (green) and counterstained with DAPI for nuclear staining (blue). Positive staining was localized to cytoplasm.

Western Blot with SAA4 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:500. Lane A: 293T Whole Cell Lysate, Lysates/proteins at

30 µg per lane. Observed-MW:15 kDa Calculated-MW:15 kDa

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| Preparation & Storage | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Storage | This antibody can be stored at 2°C-8°C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20°C to -80°C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Shipping | Ice bag |
| | |

Background

SAA4 is a member of the SAA family. SAA proteins are family of apolipoproteins of high density lipoprotein (HDL). They can be separated into two distinct groups. First group (SAA1, SAA2, and SAA3) consists of acute phase reactant whose expression level increase in the blood in a response to trauma, infection, inflammation, and neoplasia. These acute phase SAAs associates with HDL during inflammation and remodel the HDL particle by displacing Apo-A1. The second distinct group consists of SAA4 and SAA5 which exist as the minor apolipoproteins on HDL, but this group of SAA constitutes more than 90% of all the SAA during homeostasis, and it is thought to play a role in the normal functioning of the HDL particle. SAA4 is a constitutively expressed protein which expressed only in humans and mice. It is connected almost completely with lipoproteins of the high density range. The physiological function of SAA4 is unknown, and its serum concentration has no association with those of other major apolipoproteins.