A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

CD284 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-30816

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human CD284.

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

Purification Affinity purification

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer, 0.5% protein

protectant and 50% glycerol.

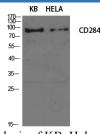
Applications Recommended Dilution

WB 1:500-1:2000

IHC 1:100-1:300

IF 1:50-1:200

Data

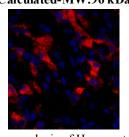


Western Blot analysis of KB, Hela cells using CD284 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.

Munohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human stomach cancer tissue using CD284 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.

Observed-MW:95 kDa Calculated-MW:96 kDa



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human stomach tissue using

CD284 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack,upon receipt,store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:www.elabscience.com

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Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



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The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Toll-like receptor (TLR) family which plays a fundamental role in pathogen recognition and activation of innate immunity. TLRs are highly conserved from Drosophila to humans and share structural and functional similarities. They recognize pathogen-associated molecular patterns that are expressed on infectious agents, and mediate the production of cytokines necessary for the development of effective immunity. The various TLRs exhibit different patterns of expression. This receptor has been implicated in signal transduction events induced by lipopolysaccharide (LPS) found in most gram-negative bacteria. Mutations in this gene have been associated with differences in LPS responsiveness. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

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