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# Recombinant Human FSH Protein (Flag & His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH032453

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

## Description

Species Human

Source HEK293 Cells-derived Human FSH protein Ala25-Ser116&Asn19-Glu129, with an C-

terminal Flag & His

 Calculated MW
 11.5&13.5 kDa

 Observed MW
 20-30 kDa

 Accession
 P01215&P01225

**Bio-activity** Not validated for activity

### **Properties**

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

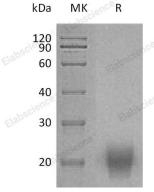
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

#### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

#### **Background**

Human Follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH) is a member of glycoprotein hormones subunit beta family, which also includes LH, chorionic gonadotropin (CG) and thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH). FSH and its family members are heterodimers consisting of non-covalently linked  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -subunits. They share an identical  $\alpha$ subunit, and  $\beta$ -subunits vary. FSH has a unique  $\beta$ -subunit (FSH $\beta$ ), which confers its specific biologic activity and is responsible for interaction with the FSH-receptor which belongs to a subfamily of GPCRs called leucine-rich-repeat-containing GPCRs (LGRs). FSH is secreted from the pituitary gland and regulates reproduction in mammals. FSH stimulates sertoli cell proliferation in testes and supports spermatogenesis inmales, and induces the maturation of ovarian follicles in females.

## For Research Use Only

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