

Elab Fluor® Violet 500 Anti-Rat CD45 Antibody[OX-1]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1227R

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

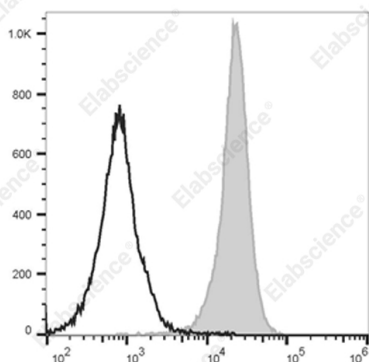
Reactivity	Rat
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG1, κ
Clone No.	OX-1
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor® Violet 500 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792R]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® Violet 500
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® Violet 500 is designed to be excited by the violet laser (405 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 501 nm (e.g., a 525/45 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Applications

Recommended usage

FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.
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Data



Staining of normal Rat splenocytes with Elab Fluor® Violet 500 Anti-Rat CD45 Antibody[OX-1] (filled gray histogram) or

Elab Fluor® Violet 500 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram). Total viable cells were used for analysis.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	LCA; Ly-5; T200; Leukocyte common antigen; Ptpcr; Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase C
Uniprot ID	P04157

For Research Use Only

Gene ID

19265

Background

CD45 is a 180-220 kD protein also known as leukocyte common antigen (LCA). It is a protein tyrosine phosphatase with multiple isoforms differing as a result of alternative splicing of the extracellular domain and glycosylation. CD45 is expressed on all hematopoietic cells except erythrocytes and platelets; isoform expression depends on cell type, activation state, and cell maturation. CD45 functions in signal transduction through T and B cell antigen receptors. CD45 has been shown to interact with various proteins including galectin-1, CD2, CD3, and CD4. The OX-1 antibody has been shown to partially inhibit NK cell-mediated lysis of syngeneic tumor cells in vitro.