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# Recombinant Rat IFN-y Protein(Sumo Tag)

Catalog Number: PDER100255

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Description**

**Species** Rat

Source E.coli-derived Rat IFN-γ protein Gln23-Cys 156, with an N-terminal Sumo

Calculated MW 27.6 kDa Observed MW 32 kDa Accession P01581

**Bio-activity** Not validated for activity

## **Properties**

> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. **Purity** 

Endotoxin < 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 Storage

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

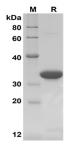
This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. Shipping Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5% Formulation

Mannitol.

Reconstitution It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of

0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

#### Data



SDS-PAGE analysis of Rat IFN-y proteins, 2µg/lane of Recombinant Rat IFN-γ proteins, was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, showing bands at 32 KD

#### Background

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IFN gamma, also known as IFNG, is a secreted protein which belongs to the type I I interferon family. IFN gamma is produced predominantly by natural killer and natural killer T cells as part of the innate immune response, and by CD4 and CD8 cytotoxic T lymphocyte effector T cells once antigen-specific immunity develops. IFN gamma has antiviral, immunoregulatory, and anti-tumor properties. IFNG, in addition to having antiviral activity, has important immunoregulatory functions, it is a potent activator of macrophages, and has antiproliferative effects on transformed cells and it can potentiate the antiviral and antitumor effects of the type I interferons. The IFNG monomer consists of a core of six &alpha,-helices and an extended unfolded sequence in the C-terminal region. IFN gamma is critical for innate and adaptive immunity against viral and intracellular bacterial infections and for tumor control. Aberrant IFN gamma expression is associated with a number of autoinflammatory and autoimmune diseases. The importance of IFN gamma in the immune system stems in part from its ability to inhibit viral replication directly, and most importantly from its immunostimulatory and immunomodulatory effects. IFNG also promotes NK cell activity.

For Research Use Only

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