

Recombinant Human CD73/NT5E Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH032030

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

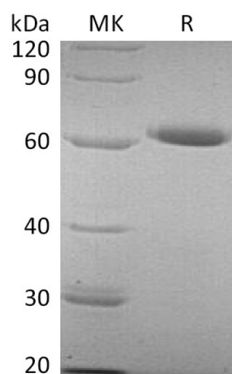
Description

Species	Human
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Human CD73;NT5E protein Trp27-Lys547, with an C-terminal His
Calculated MW	58.8 kDa
Observed MW	62 kDa
Accession	AAH65937.1
Bio-activity	Immobilized Human CD73-His at 2µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind Anti-Human CD73 mAb. The ED ₅₀ of Anti-Human CD73 mAb is 3.33 ng/ml.

Properties

Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Concentration	Subject to label value.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 120mM NaCl, 4mM CaCl ₂ , 20% Glycerol, pH 7.5.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

CD73 is a glycosyl phosphatidylinositol (GPI) anchored membrane protein that belongs to the 5'-nucleotidase family. CD73 is an ecto 5'Nucleotidase expressed by most cell types. CD73 hydrolyzes extracellular nucleotides into membrane permeable nucleosides. CD73 is one of several enzymes responsible for the production of extracellular adenosine, a signaling molecule that is involved in responses to inflammation and tissue injury. CD73 is a lymphocyte maturation marker that has functions independent of its catalytic activity. CD73 is also a regulator of leukocyte extravasation, a function that requires its 5'Nucleotidase activity. Defects in NT5E are the cause of calcification of joints and arteries (CAJA). The recombinant CD73 lacking GPI anchor is secreted as a monomer.

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