

FITC Anti-Mouse TNF α Antibody[XT3.11]

Catalog Number: AN00567C

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

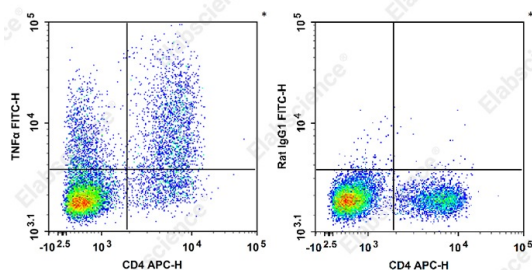
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat IgG1, κ
Clone No.	XT3.11
Isotype Control	FITC Rat IgG1, κ Isotype Control[HRPN] [Product E-AB-F09822C]
Conjugation	FITC
Conjugation Information	FITC is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 530 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer.

Applications

Recommended usage

FCM Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Mouse splenocytes were stimulated with Cell Stimulation MIX and Protein Transport Inhibitor MIX for 5 hours. Cells were stained with APC Anti-Mouse CD4 Antibody[GK1.5] and FITC Anti-Mouse TNF- α [XT3.11](left) or FITC Rat IgG1, κ Isotype Control (right). Cells in the lymphocytes gate were used for analysis.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 24 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	Tumor necrosis factor- α ; Cachectin; Necrosin; Macrophage cytotoxic factor; Differentiation inducing factor; TNFSF-2; TNF- α ; TNF-alpha
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For Research Use Only

Uniprot ID

P06804

Gene ID

21926

Background

TNF- α is secreted by macrophages, monocytes, neutrophils, T-cells, and NK-cells. Many transformed cell lines also secrete TNF- α . Monomeric mouse TNF- α is a 156 amino acid protein (N-glycosylated) with a reported molecular weight of 17.5 kD. TNF- α forms multimeric complexes; stable trimers are most common in solution. A 26 kD membrane form of TNF- α has also been described. TNF- α binding to surface receptors elicits a wide array of biologic activities including: cytolysis and cytoxicity of many tumor cell lines in vitro, hemorrhagic necrosis of tumors in vivo, increased fibroblast proliferation, and enhanced chemotaxis and phagocytosis in neutrophils.