

7th Edition, revised in April, 2017

(FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS!)

One-component TMB Substrate

Catalog No: E-IR-R201

30 mL/100 mL/500 mL/1000 mL

This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this

product. If you have any problems, please contact our Technical Service

Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Website: www.elabscience.com

Please kindly provide us the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

Description

TMB is a popular chromogenic substrate for HRP detection in ELISA and is available in several formats. The soluble One-component TMB Substrate are supplied as Ready-to-Use monocomponent liquids that require no preparation before use. The product mainly contains 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine and contains no DMF or DMSO.

One-component TMB Substrate yields a blue color (Amax= 370 nm and 652 nm) when reacted with peroxidase in microwell applications. The product changes to yellow (Amax = 450 nm) upon addition of a sulfuric or phosphoric acid stop solution.

Application

Peroxidase-based enzyme immunoassays ELISA is recommended.

Storage

This product is stable for 1 years stored at 2 \mathbb{C} ~8 \mathbb{C} . Shading light.

Product features

- **Economical:** Cost less compared with similar products.
- **Convenience:** mono-component, ready-to-use.
- > **High sensitivity:** Save the dosage of antibody.
- > Strong stability: Valid for 1 years at $2\sim 8^{\circ}$ C.
- > Stable signal: The signal is continuous steady after adding stop solution.
- > **Safe:** Non carcinogenic.

Assay procedure

- 1. Add 100 μL of the TMB Substrate Solution to each microplate well.
- 2. Incubate for 5~30 min according to the reaction system.
- 3. Stop reaction by adding 50 uL stop solution (1M HCl or 1M H₂SO₄).
- 4. Measure the absorbance of each well at 450 nm.

Notes

- 1. This substrate is light sensitive, avoid direct sunlight during operation.
- 2. This substrate is sensitive to contamination of oxidizing agent. Avoid oxidizing agent contamination during operation.
- 3. Never pipette directly from the bottle. Pour out required amount into a tube and pipette from the tube.
- 4. Do not return excess TMB to primary storage container.