

Recombinant HMGCR Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: AN301555L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse

Immunogen Recombinant human HMG-CoA Reductase fragment

Host Rabbit Isotype lgG, κ Clone A254

Purification Protein Apurified

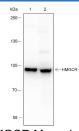
Buffer PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05% protein protectant.

Applications Recommended Dilution

1:500-1:2000 WB

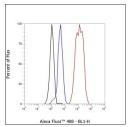
IF 1:50 1:50-1:100 **FCM** 1:25 IΡ

Data

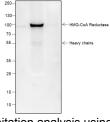


of 1:2000. Lane 1: Jurkat, Lane 2: HepG2

Observed-MW:97 kDa Calculated-MW:97 kDa



Western Blot with HMGCR Monoclonal Antibody at dilution Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% Paraformaldehyde) fixed NIH-3T3 cells using anti-HMGCR Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50.



Flow cytometric analysis of human HMGCR expression on HepG2 cells. Cells were stained with purified anti-Human HMGCR, then a Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated second step antibody. The histogram were derived from events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of intact cells.

Immunoprecipitation analysis using anti-HMGCR Monoclonal Antibody. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using HMGCR Monoclonal Antibody at a dilution of 1:25. Lane 1:5% Input, Lane 2: HMGCR Monoclonal Antibody, Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG Isotype

> Observed-MW:97 kDa Calculated-MW:97 kDa

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

For Research Use Only

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Shipping Ice bag

Background

3-Hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl-CoA reductase (HMGCR) is a transmembrane glycoprotein of the endoplasmic reticulum. It is the rate-limiting enzyme for cholesterol biosynthesis and non-sterol isoprenoid biosynthesis. Play a key role in cellular cholesterol homeostasis. The activity of HMGCR is regulated by negative feedback, in which cholesterol and other end products of the metabolic pathway inhibit the activity of HMGCR in a multivalent manner. Cholesterol inhibits reductase activity mainly by inhibiting the transcription rate of HMGCR gene. HMGCR is the main target of statins, which are a class of cholesterol-lowering drugs.

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