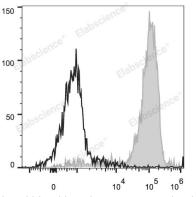
PE/Cyanine5.5 Anti-Human CD3 Antibody[OKT-3]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1001I

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description		
Reactivity	Human	
Host	Mouse	
lsotype	Mouse IgG2a, κ	
Clone No.	OKT-3	
Isotype Control	PE/Cyanine5.5 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802I]	
Conjugation	PE/Cyanine 5.5	
Conjugation Information Storage Buffer	PE/Cyanine5.5 is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 690 nm (e.g., a 690/50 nm bandpass filter). Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein	
	protectant.	
Applications	Recommended usage	
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 µL staining volume or per 100 µL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.	





Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with PE/Cyanine5.5 Anti-Human CD3 Antibody (filled gray histogram) or Mouse IgG2a Isotype Control PE/Cyanine5.5 (empty black histogram).

Preparation & Storage	
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	CD3E;CD3e;T-cell surface antigen T3/Leu-4 epsilon chain;T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 epsilon chain;T3E

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Uniprot ID	
Gene ID	
Background	

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CD3 ϵ is a 20 kD chain of the CD3/T cell receptor (TCR) complex, which is composed of two CD3 ϵ , one CD3 γ , one CD3 δ , one CD3 ζ (CD247), and a T cell receptor (α/β or γ/δ) heterodimer. It is found on all mature T lymphocytes, NK T cells, and some thymocytes. CD3, also known as T3, is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily that plays a role in antigen recognition, signal transduction, and T cell activation.

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