

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

## **Recombinant S100B Monoclonal Antibody**

catalog number: AN300297P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

Reactivity Human

Immunogen A synthetic peptide corresponding to the N-terminus of the Human S100B

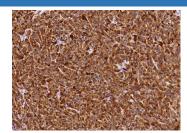
Host Rabbit Isotype lgG Clone 5A1 **Purification** Protein A

Buffer 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS

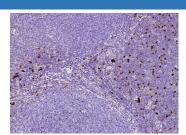
**Applications Recommended Dilution** 

1:200-1:1000 IHC-P

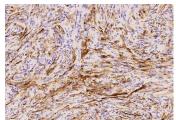
#### Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human malignant melanoma using S100B Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:500



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human lymphoma using S100B Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:500.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human cerebellum using S100B Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:500.

### **Preparation & Storage**

This antibody can be stored at 2°C-8°C for one month without detectable loss of **Storage** 

> activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20°C to -80°C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Shipping** Ice bag

# **Background**

### For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Web: www.elabscience.com Email: techsupport@elabscience.com Rev. V1.0

# Elabscience®

### **Elabscience Bionovation Inc.**

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The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the S100 family of proteins containing 2 EF-hand calcium-binding motifs. S100 proteins are localized in the cytoplasm and/or nucleus of a wide range of cells, and involved in the regulation of a number of cellular processes such as cell cycle progression and differentiation. S100 genes include at least 13 members which are located as a cluster on chromosome 1q21; however, this gene is located at 21q22.3. This protein may function in Neurite extension, proliferation of melanoma cells, stimulation of Ca2+ fluxes, inhibition of PKC-mediated phosphorylation, astrocytosis and axonal proliferation, and inhibition of microtubule assembly. Chromosomal rearrangements and altered expression of this gene have been implicated in several neurological, neoplastic, and other types of diseases, including Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, epilepsy, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, melanoma, and type I diabetes.

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