Elabscience®

Elab Fluor[®] 700 Anti-Mouse CD200/OX2 Antibody[OX-90]

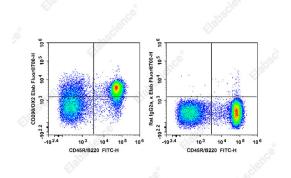
Catalog Number: E-AB-F1234UM1

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat IgG2a, ĸ
Clone No.	OX-90.3.9.8
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor [®] 700 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product E-AB-F09833M1]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor [®] 700
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor [®] 700 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 719 nm (e.g., a $725/40$ nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.
Applications	Recommended usage
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 µg/10 ⁶ cells

reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 μ g/10⁶ cells in 100 μ L volume].





Staining of C57BL/6 murine splenocytes with FITC Anti-Mouse CD45R/B220 Antibody[RA3.3A 1/6.1] and Elab Fluor

 $^{\textcircled{R}}$ 700 Anti-Mouse CD200/OX2 Antibody[OX-90](left) or Elab Fluor $^{\textcircled{R}}$ 700 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control(right).Total viable cells were used for analysis.

Preparation & Storage	
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	lce bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	MRC;OX-2;OX-2 membrane glycoprotein
Uniprot ID	O54901

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:<u>w w w .elabscience.com</u>

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Gene ID Background

4345

CD200 (OX-2 antigen) is a type-1 membrane glycoprotein containing two extracellular lg-like domains. CD200 a highly conserved type I membrane glycoprotein that is expressed on a variety of cell types including thymocytes, some T cells, endothelial and follicular dendritc cells, B cells, and brain tissue (neurons); but not on NK cells, granulocytes, monocytes, or macrophages. CD200 costimulates T cell proliferation. It may regulate myeloid cell activity in a variety of tissues. CD200 is the ligand for CD200 receptor (CD200R). The CD200 Receptor is restricted to myeloid cells, and it is believed that its engagement with CD200 results in inhibition and/or downregulation of myeloid cell activity. Blocking of CD200/CD200R interactions decreases myeloid cell inhibitory thresholds which results in enhanced immune activation.