Elabscience®

Human IL-16 Antibody Pair Set

Catalog No.	E-KAB-0476	Applications	ELISA
Synonyms	IL16;LCF;NIL16;PRIL16;PrIL-16		

Kit components & Storage

Title	Specifications	Storage
Human IL-16 Capture Antibody	1 vial, 100 µ g	Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid
		freeze/thaw cycles.
Human IL-16 Detection Antibody	1 vial, 50 μL	Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid
(Biotin)		freeze/thaw cycles.

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information

Items		Characteristic (E-KAB-0476)	
		Human IL-16 Capture Antibody	Human IL-16 Detection Antibody (Biotin)
Immunogen	Immunogen	Recombinant Human IL-16 protien	Recombinant Human IL-16 protien
Information	Swissprot	AAC12732	
Product details	Reactivity	Human	Human
	Host	Goat	Goat
	Conjugation	Unconjugated	Biotin
	Concentration	0.5 mg/mL	/
	Buffer	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300; 50%	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300; 1%
		glycerol; pH 7.5	protective protein; 50% glycerol; pH
			7.5
	Purify	Antigen Affinity	Antigen Affinity
	Specificity	Detects Human IL-16 in ELISAs.	

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Applications

Human IL-16 Sandwich ELISA Assay

	Recommended	Reagent	Images
	Concentration/Dilution		
ELISA	0.5-4 μg/mL	Human IL-16 Capture	
Capture		Antibody	10
			21
			Optical Density
ELISA	1:1000-1:10000	Human IL-16 Detection	0.1-
Detection		Antibody (Biotin)	
			1 10 100 1000
			Human IL-16 Concentration(pg/mL)

Note: This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay!

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a pleiotropic cytokine that functions as a chemoattractant , a modulator of T cell activation , and an inhibitor of HIV replication. The signaling process of this cytokine is mediated by CD4. The product of this gene undergoes proteolytic processing , which is found to yield two functional proteins. The cytokine function is exclusively attributed to the secreted C-terminal peptide , while the N-terminal product may play a role in cell cycle control. Caspase 3 is reported to be involved in the proteolytic processing of this protein. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

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