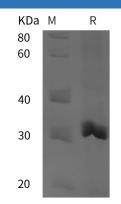
Recombinant Human KLK2 protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDEH100945

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Human
E.coli-derived Human KLK2 protein Ile25-Pro261, with an N-terminal His
26.0 kDa
31 kDa
P20151
Not validated for activity
> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
< 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method
Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80
°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of
reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.
This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%
Mannitol.
It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of
0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Data

Kallikrein-2 (KLK2) is a secreted serine protease that belongs to the peptidase S1 family of Kallikrein subfamily. KLK2 contains 1 peptidase S1 domain. It is highly expressed in the human prostate gland. KLK2 can cleave Met-Lys and Arg-Ser bonds in kininogen to release Lys-bradykinin, but Preferential cleavages of Arg-J-Xaa bonds in small molecule substrates. It also highly selective action to release kallidin (lysyl-bradykinin) from kininogen involves hydrolysis of Me t-J-Xaa or Leu-J-Xaa. KLK2 is inhibited by serpins such as protein C inhibitor, antichymotrypsin, and plasminogen. KLK2 is considered to be a biomarker for prostate cancer.