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# Recombinant Mouse CSNK2A1/CK2A1 Protein (His &GST Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSM040295

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Description**

**Species** Mouse

Source Baculovirus-Insect Cells-derived Mouse CSNK2A1/CK2A1 protein Met1-Gln391, with

an N-terminal His & GST

Calculated MW 72.9 kDa Observed MW 65 kDa Accession Q60737

The specific activity was determined to be 34 nmol/min/mg using casein as substrate. **Bio-activity** 

#### **Properties**

> 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. **Purity** 

Concentration Subject to label value.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per ug of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

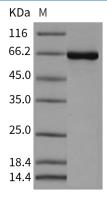
Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Storage

This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel Shipping

packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.

Supplied as sterile solution of 20mM Tris, 500mM NaCl, pH 8.0, 10% glycerol. Formulation

#### Data



> 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

#### Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



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Casein kinase II subunit alpha, also known as CK II alpha, CSNK2A1 and CK2A1, is a member of the protein kinase superfamily, Ser / Thr protein kinase family and CK2 subfamily. Casein kinase II (CSNK2A1) is a serine / threonine protein kinase that phosphorylates acidic proteins such as casein. This kinase is composed of an alpha, an alpha-prime, and two beta subunits. The alpha subunits contain the catalytic activity while the beta subunits undergo autophosphorylation. Casein kinase II (CSNK2A1) is a constitutively active, ubiquitously expressed serine / threonine protein kinase that is thought to have a regulatory function in cell proliferation, cell differentiation and apoptosis. CSNK2A1 functions as a tetrameric complex consisting of two regulatory beta-subunits and two catalytic units (alpha and alpha') in a homomeric or heteromeric conformation. Whilst the alpha- and alpha'-subunits are catalytically identical, proteins that regulate CSNK2A1, such as cdc2 and Hsp90, preferentially bind to the alpha and not the alpha'-subunit. CSNK2A1 can phosphorylate a number of key intracellular signaling proteins implicated in tumor suppression (p53 and PTEN) and tumorigenesis (myc, jun, NF-kappaB). CSNK2A1 is also thought to influence Wnt signaling via beta-catenin phosphorylation and the PI 3-K signaling pathway via th phosphorylation of Akt.

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