Recombinant Mouse P-Selectin/CD62P Protein(His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDMM100146

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description			
Species	Mouse		
Source	Mammalian-derived Mouse P-Selectin/CD62P proteins Trp42-Ala709, with an C-		
	terminal His		
Calculated MW	73.3 kDa		
Observed MW	90 kDa		
Accession	Q01102		
Bio-activity	Not validated for activity		
Properties			
Purity	>90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.		
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method		
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80		
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of		
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.		
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%		
	Mannitol.		
Reconstitution	It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of		
	0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.		

Data

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kDa		lan and
80		
60		
40	1	
30		
20	-	

 $SDS\text{-}PAGE \ analysis of Mouse P-Selectin/CD62P \ proteins \ , \\ 2\mu g/lane \ of Recombinant Mouse P-Selectin/CD62P \ proteins \ was resolved \ with SDS\text{-}PAGE \ under \ reducing \ conditions \ , \\ showing \ bands \ at \ 90 \ KD$

Background

Elabscience®

P selectin (SELP) is a 140kDa protein that is stored in the alpha-granules of platelets and Weibel-Palade bodies of endothelial cells. SELP mediates rapid rolling of leukocyte rolling over vascular surfaces during the initial steps in inflammation through interaction with PSGL1. P selectin is a cell adhesion molecule on the surface of activated endothelial cells. Cellular adhesion molecules are a large family of proteins that attach the cytoskeleton and intracellular signaling cascades with the extracellular environment. SELP is a calcium-dependent receptor for myeloid cells that binds to sialylated forms of Lewis blood group carbohydrate antigens on neutrophils and monocytes. This protein redistributes to the plasma membrane during platelet activation and degranulation and mediates the interaction of activated endothelial cells or platelets with leukocytes.