Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Elab Fluor® 647 Anti-Human CD72 Antibody[3F3]

Catalog Number: GFH00325M

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human Host Mouse

Isotype Mouse IgG2b, κ

Clone No. 3F3

Isotype Control Elab Fluor® 647 Mouse IgG2b, κ Isotype Control[MPC-11] [Product GFH09812M]

Conjugation Elab Fluor® 647

Conjugation Information Elab Fluor[®] 647 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected

using an optical filter centered near 670 nm (e.g., a 660/20 nm bandpass filter).

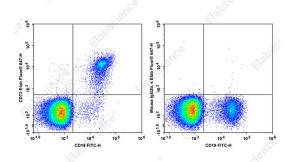
Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Applications Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Staining of normal human peripheral blood cells with Elab

Fluor[®] 647 Anti-Human CD72 Antibody[3F3] and FITC Anti-Human CD19 Antibody[CB19] (left) or Elab Fluor[®] 647 Mouse IgG2b, κ Isotype Control (right). Cells in the lymphocytes gate were used for analysis.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names Lyb-2;Ly-19.2;Ly-32.2;CD72抗体;人CD72;人CD72流式抗体;GFH00325

 Uniprot ID
 P21854

 Gene ID
 971

For Research Use Only

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Background

CD72 is a 39-43 kD type II membrane glycoprotein. It is a disulfide-linked homodimer belonging to C-type lectin family. CD72 is a pan-B cell marker expressed on pre-pre-B cells throughout B cell differentiation with the exception of plasma cells. It is also expressed on follicular dendritic cells, splenic red pulp macrophages (but not on peripheral blood monocytes), and liver Kupffer cells. CD72, a negative coreceptor of B cells, contains immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motifs in the cytoplasmic domain which has been shown to recruit the tyrosine phosphatase SHP-1. Ligation of CD72 with its ligand regulates CD72 tyrosine dephosphorylation and SHP-1 dissociation to promote B cell activation and proliferation. CD100 and CD5 have been shown to be CD72 ligands. The CD100-CD72 interaction plays a role in maintenance of B cell homeostasis.