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# APC Anti-Human CD99 Antibody[HI156]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1339E

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Descri	
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DESUL	

Reactivity Human Host Mouse

**Isotype** Mouse IgG2a, κ

Clone No. HI156

**Isotype Control** APC Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802E]

Conjugation APC

**Conjugation Information** APC is designed to be excited by the Red (627-640 nm) laser and detected using an

optical filter centered near 660 nm (e.g., a 660/20 nm bandpass filter).

Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

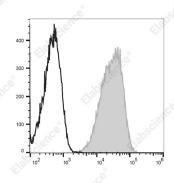
#### Applications Recommended usage

FCM Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount

of the reagent is suggested to be used 5  $\mu$ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100  $\mu$ L staining volume or per 100  $\mu$ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for

individual use.

#### Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with APC Anti-Human CD99 Antibody[HI156] (filled gray histogram) or APC Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram).

#### **Preparation & Storage**

**Storage** Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Web: www.elabscience.cn

Shipping lce bag

#### **Antigen Information**

Alternate Names E2 antigenHBA71MIC2MSK5X;CD99

 Uniprot ID
 P14209

 Gene ID
 4267

### For Research Use Only

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#### **Background**

CD99 is a type I single chain transmembrane protein devoid of N-linked glycosylation sites encoded by the pseudoautosomal gene MIC2. CD99 has an apparent molecular weight of 32 kD and is widely expressed on a variety of tissues. CD99 is highly expressed on thymocytes, T cells, and T cell leukemias and lymphomas. However, it is absent on some B cell lines, fetal B cells, eosinophils, granulocytes and the NK-cell line YT. CD99 is involved in spontaneous rosette formation with erythrocytes and may also be involved in other T-cell and hematopoietic cell adhesion pathways. CD99 has been reported to activate a caspase-independent death pathway in T cells under some conditions. CD99 interacts with a number of proteins including ferritin heavy chain 1, karyopherin beta 1, TRIP13, cyclophilin A, annexin II, and ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2H.