

(This kit is for in vitro research only, not for clinical diagnosis!)

**Elabsience® Anti-V5 (GKPIPPLLGLDST)-tag**  
**FAST IP Kit (Immunomagnetic Beads)**  
**Anti- GKPIPPLLGLDST -tag FAST IP Kit (Beads)**

Cat #: EA-IP-K005M

Product specifications: 50 Tests

Please read the instructions carefully before use. If you have any questions, please contact us via:

Sales department telephone: +86-27-87879180, +86-27-87854967

Technical department telephone: +86-15623126501

Email (Sales): Perry@elabsience.cn

Email (Technical): IP\_COIP@elabsience.cn

Website: www.elabsience.cn

Please refer to the outer packaging label of the kit for the specific shelf life. Please use the kit within the shelf life.

Please provide the product batch number (see the kit label) when contacting so that we can serve you more efficiently.

## Background Information

Anti-V5 tag (GKPIPNNPLLGLDST) FAST IP kit consists of four components: Anti-V5 immunomagnetic beads, Rabbit IgG magnetic beads, V5-Tag Mouse mAb and HRP-labeled goat anti-mouse secondary antibody for rapid, efficient and specific immuno(co)precipitation of V5 tag fusion proteins.

Anti-V5 immunomagnetic beads is made by covalently conjugating high-quality V5-Tag Rabbit pAb to immunomagnetic beads. It has the characteristics of high loading capacity, high specificity and stable properties; Rabbit IgG immunomagnetic beads are used as CoIP experimental control with stable properties; V5-Tag Mouse mAb antibody has the advantages of high specificity, high affinity, and high titer; HRP-labeled goat anti-mouse secondary antibody has been cross-adsorbed and purified, and only recognizes V5-Tag Mouse mAb, without cross reactivity with the heavy and light chains of rabbit polyclonal antibody. The four components have undergone strict quality inspection and can be used individually; the set of the four components has the advantages of fast, easy and no interference with the strips.

## Performance Index

### 1. Application Scope:

Immuno(co)precipitation of V5-tagged fusion proteins.

The V5 tag can be located at the N-terminus, C-terminus or in the middle of the protein, such as N-terminal V5 fusion protein (V5–Protein), C-terminal V5 fusion protein (Protein-V5) and Met-modified N-terminal V5 fusion protein (Met-V5–Protein).

Suitable for secreted proteins.

### 2. Antibody properties:

V5-Tag Rabbit pAb: rabbit IgG; V5-Tag Mouse mAb: mouse IgG2a subtype.

### 3. Magnetic Beads properties:

Magnetic beads, average particle size 3μm.

### 4. Loading Capacity:

1mL magnetic beads, covalently coupled to 4mg Anti-V5 rabbit polyclonal antibody. Precipitates at least 0.6mg V5 fusion protein.

## Kit components

Item number	Component	Specification/concentration	Preservation method
E-IR-IP004	Lysis buffer	30mL	4°C, 12 months
EA-IP-005 M	Anti-GKPIP <sub>N</sub> LLGLD ST Immunomagnetic Beads	2mL (0.5mL/mL) *	-20°C, 12 months
EA-IP-200 M	Rabbit IgG Immunomagnetic Beads	2mL (0.5mL/mL) *	-20°C, 12 months
E-AB-4050 7	V5-Tag Rabbit pAb	100μg (1mg/mL) *	-20°C, 12 months
E-AB-1008	Goat Anti-Mouse IgG(peroxidase/HRP conjugated)	100μg (1mg/mL) *	-20°C, 12 months
Manual	One		

\*Note: The buffer is PBS containing 50% glycerol.

## Matters Needing Attention

### 1. Transport and Storage:

This kit is shipped under refrigerated conditions.

After receiving the goods, if it is not used temporarily, please take out the lysis buffer and store it at 4°C; the remaining components of the kit should be stored at -20°C.

### 2. Magnetic bead suspension and affinity gel

This kit provides immunomagnetic beads in the form of suspension. Gently re-suspend the magnetic bead suspension before use.

## Self-prepared reagents

### 1. Antibody diluent

Prepare skim milk powder with a final concentration of 5% in 1×PBST.

Ready to use.

### 2. 1 × PBST

Dilute 10×PBST (Cat. No.: E-IR-R310) with deionized water at a ratio of 9:1 and set aside. For example: add 9mL of deionized water to 1mL of 10×PBST, and mix evenly to obtain 1×PBST. Ready to use.

### 3. 1 × PBS

Dilute 10×PBS (Cat. No.: E-BC-R187) with deionized water at a ratio of 9:1 and set aside. For example: add 9mL of deionized water to 1mL of 10×PBS, and mix evenly to obtain 1×PBST. Ready to use.

### 4. Enhanced chemiluminescence developer(ECL) (Cat. No.: E-IR-R307 or E-IR-R308)

Mix the chemiluminescent substrate ECL solution A and ECL solution B in equal volumes at a ratio of 1:1. Ready to use.

## Instructions

**Note:** All steps should be performed on ice if possible to avoid degradation of the target protein.

### 1. Cell lysate preparation

#### 1) Cell Collection

Suspension cells and semi-adherent cells were blown off the cell culture flask and transferred into a centrifuge tube. Centrifuge at 1000 rpm for 5 minutes and discard the supernatant.

Gently scrape the adherent cells from the bottle wall with a cell scraper, transfer them together with the culture medium into a centrifuge tube, centrifuge at 1000 rpm for 5 minutes, and discard the supernatant.

#### 2) Re-suspend the cells in 1×PBS pre-cooled to 4°C, centrifuge at 1000 rpm for 3 minutes, and discard the supernatant. Repeat once.

#### 3) Add the corresponding volume of cell lysis buffer according to the amount of cells, pipet repeatedly and place on ice for 10-20 minutes.

**Note:** Generally, 1mL of cell lysis buffer can process about  $0.5 \sim 1 \times 10^7$  cells. To avoid degradation of your target protein, you can add protease inhibitors.

#### 4) Use a sonicator to treat the cell lysate until the cell lysate is transparent and no longer viscous. After placing on ice for 30 minutes, centrifuge at 12,000 rpm and 4°C for 10 minutes. The supernatant is taken as the protein sample. It is recommended to proceed to the next step of the experiment immediately. If time does not allow, store the protein sample at -80 °C.

#### 5) If the target protein is secreted and expressed, there is no need for the above treatment. The culture supernatant can be collected directly, and after concentration, the following steps can be performed.

### 2. Immuno(co)precipitation of V5-tagged proteins

- 1) Pre-treatment of immunomagnetic beads in the experimental group.  
Gently re-suspend the Anti-V5 immunomagnetic beads and mix evenly. Use a pipette tip with the end cut off to transfer 40  $\mu\text{L}$  of the magnetic bead suspension into a centrifuge tube. Add 500  $\mu\text{L}$  of 1 $\times$ PBS to clean the magnetic beads. Place it on a magnetic stand and let it stand for 10 seconds, discard the supernatant, and repeat this step three times.
- 2) Control group immunomagnetic bead pre-treatment. Gently re-suspend the Rabbit IgG immunomagnetic beads, mix evenly, and use a pipette tip with the end cut off to draw 40  $\mu\text{L}$  of the magnetic bead suspension into a centrifuge tube. Add 500  $\mu\text{L}$  1 $\times$ PBS to clean the magnetic beads, place them on a magnetic stand and let stand for 10 sec. Discard the supernatant and repeat this step three times.

**Note: The following steps are performed simultaneously in the control group and experimental group.**

- 3) Add 50-200  $\mu\text{L}$  of cell lysis solution containing the target protein, and incubate on a shaking table at room temperature for 2 hours or overnight at 4°C.
- 4) After incubation, place it on a magnetic stand and let stand for 10 sec. Transfer the supernatant to a new centrifuge tube for later use (the supernatant can be used to detect whether V5-tag protein remains).
- 5) Add 500  $\mu\text{L}$  of 1 $\times$ PBS to clean the magnetic beads, place them on a magnetic stand and let stand for 10 sec. Discard the supernatant and repeat this step three times.
- 6) Add 20  $\mu\text{L}$  1 $\times$ PBS and 5  $\mu\text{L}$  5 $\times$  loading buffer, boil the sample for 5 minutes, cool to room temperature and centrifuge.
- 7) Take the supernatant and run SDS-PAGE in preparation for subsequent Western Blotting detection.

### **3. Western Blotting to detect V5-tagged proteins**

- 1) Transfer proteins from SDS-PAGE gel to membrane using WB transfer membrane apparatus.
- 2) After electroporation, remove the membrane and place it in the membrane treatment solution for 1 minute, take it out, and allow it to equilibrate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 3) Add an appropriate amount of antibody diluent to block the non-specific binding sites on the membrane until it completely covers the membrane, and incubate on a shaking table at 37°C for 1 hour.
- 4) Dilute the V5-Tag Mouse mAb primary antibody with antibody diluent to a dilution of 1:10000, add it to the membrane to ensure complete coverage of the membrane, and incubate on a shaker at 37°C for 1 hour.
- 5) Wash the membrane with PBST and incubate on a shaking table at 37°C for 5 minutes. Repeat this step 4 times.
- 6) Dilute HRP-labeled goat anti-mouse secondary antibody with antibody diluent to a dilution of 1:10000, add it to the membrane to ensure complete coverage of the membrane, and incubate on a shaking table at 37°C for 1 hour.
- 7) Wash the membrane with PBST and incubate on a shaking table at 37°C for 5 minutes. Repeat this step 4 times.
- 8) Place the membrane flat on a clean surface, mix equal volumes of ECL solution A and ECL solution B and add evenly to the membrane, and let the reaction in the dark for 1 minute.
- 9) Take out the membrane, discard the ECL solution, and place it in a dark box for development. Different exposure times can be selected according to the intensity of the background and target bands.



## Declaration

1. This product is limited to scientific research by professionals.
2. Please pay attention to safety precautions and comply with laboratory reagent operating specifications.
3. The lysis buffer provided by this kit is a formula that has been repeatedly optimized over a long period of time and has been verified by a large number of experiments. When processing cells, it is recommended to use the lysis buffer provided by this kit. Lysis buffers provided by other manufacturers may affect the results of protein co-precipitation or subsequent IP experiments.
4. The conditions recommended in this manual are universal. Users can optimize experimental conditions and choose the most appropriate experimental plan based on the properties of different target proteins.