

## FITC Anti-Mouse FcεRIα Antibody[MAR-1]

**Catalog Number:** E-AB-F1188UC

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

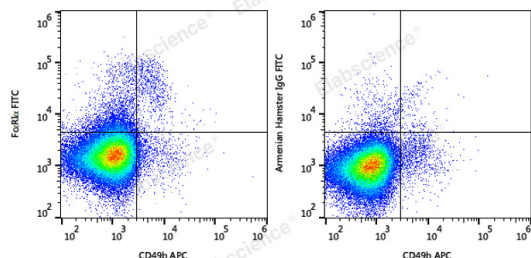
<b>Reactivity</b>	Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Armenian Hamster
<b>Isotype</b>	Armenian Hamster IgG
<b>Clone No.</b>	MAR-1
<b>Isotype Control</b>	FITC Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control[PIP] [Product E-AB-F09853C]
<b>Conjugation</b>	FITC
<b>Conjugation Information</b>	FITC is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 530 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

### Applications

### Recommended usage

<b>FCM</b>	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 µg/10 <sup>6</sup> cells in 100 µL volume].
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### Data



C57BL/6 murine bone marrow cells are stained with APC Anti-Mouse CD49b Antibody and FITC Anti-Mouse FcεRIα Antibody (Left). Bone marrow cells stained with APC Anti-Mouse CD49b Antibody and FITC Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control (Right) are used as control.

### Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bag

### Antigen Information

<b>Alternate Names</b>	Fc-epsilon RI-alpha;FcεRI;Fcer1a;High affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor subunit alpha
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### For Research Use Only

**Uniprot ID**

P20489

**Gene ID**

14125

**Background**

FcεRIα is a transmembrane protein belonging to the Ig superfamily. FcεRIα forms a tetrameric complex with one β and two γ-subunits. The FcεRI complex plays an important role in triggering IgE-mediated allergic reactions. It is abundantly expressed on mast and basophils and up-regulated by the presence of IgE. Following stimulation via FcεRIα, mast cells and basophils release bioactive chemical mediators such as histamine, resulting in the initiation of allergic reactions. Cross linking of the high-affinity receptor for IgE on tissue mast cells triggers immediate hypersensitivity with local symptoms. The MAR-1 monoclonal antibody reacts with the FcεRIα subunit.

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