Elabscience®

ELISA

Human FN Antibody Pair Set

Catalog No.	E-KAB-0028	Applications	
Synonyms	FN1, CIG, ED-B, FINC, FN2	Z, GFND, GFND2, LETS, MSF	

Kit components & Storage

Title	Specifications	Storage
Human FN Capture Antibody	1 vial, 100 µ g	Store at -20° C for one year.
		Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Human FN Detection Antibody (Biotin)	1 vial, 50 μL	Store at -20°C for one year.
		Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information

Items		Characteristic (E-KAB-0028)	
		Human FN Capture Antibody	Human FN Detection Antibody
			(Biotin)
Immunogen	Immunogen	Native Protein	Native Protein
Information	Swissprot	P02751	
Product details	Reactivity	Human	Human
	Host	Sheep	Sheep
	Conjugation	Unconjugated	Biotin
	Concentration	0.5mg/mL	/
	Buffer	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300, 50%	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300, 1%
		glycerol, pH 7.4	protective protein, 50% glycerol, pH
			7.4
	Purify	Antigen Affinity	Antigen Affinity
	Specificity	Detects Human FN in ELISAs.	

For Research Use Only

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Applications

Human FN Sandwich ELISA Assay:

	Recommended	Reagent	Images
	Concentration/Dilution		
ELISA	0.5-4µg/mL	Human FN Capture Antibody	
Capture			in 1 ig 1
ELISA Detection	1:1000-1:10000	Human FN Detection Antibody (Biotin)	Optical Density
			0.01 0.1 1 10 100 1000 Human FN concentration(ng/mL)

Note: This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay!

Background

Fibronectin 1 (FN1) is a high molecular weight glycoprotein which exists in both a soluble form in plasma (plasma FN1) and other body fluids and an insoluble form in the extracellular matrix (cellular FN1). Plasma FN1 (dimeric form) is secreted by hepatocytes. Cellular FN (dimeric or cross-linked multimeric forms),made by fibroblasts,epithelial and other cell types, is deposited as fibrils in the extracellular matrix. FN1 binds to cell surfaces through integrins and to various compounds including collagen,fibrin and heparin. It is involved in cell adhesion and migration processes including embryogenesis,wound healing,hemostasis,host defense,and metastasis.