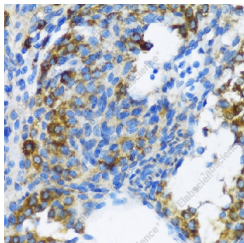
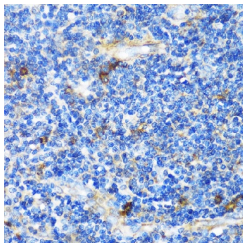
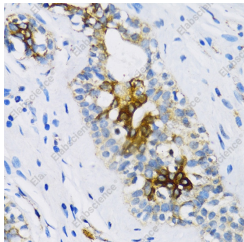
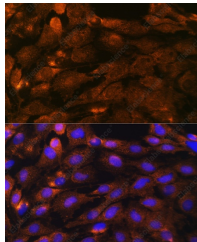
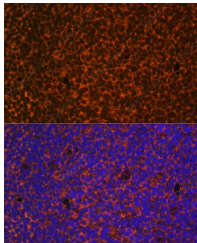
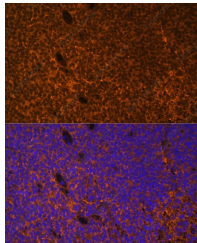


PTCH1 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-62186

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein of human PTCH1 (NP_000255.2).
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.
Applications	Recommended Dilution
IHC	1:50-1:100
IF	1:50-1:100

Data	
 Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Rat ovary using PTCH1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).	 Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil using PTCH1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).
 Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast using PTCH1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).	 Immunofluorescence analysis of C6 cells using PTCH1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.
 Immunofluorescence analysis of Mouse embryos cells using PTCH1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.	 Immunofluorescence analysis of Mouse embryos cells using PTCH1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Preparation & Storage	
Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623
Web: www.elabscience.com

Tel: 1-832-243-6086
Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Rev. V1.7

Shipping

The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

Background

This gene encodes a member of the patched gene family. The encoded protein is the receptor for sonic hedgehog, a secreted molecule implicated in the formation of embryonic structures and in tumorigenesis, as well as the desert hedgehog and indian hedgehog proteins. This gene functions as a tumor suppressor. Mutations of this gene have been associated with basal cell nevus syndrome, esophageal squamous cell carcinoma, trichoepitheliomas, transitional cell carcinomas of the bladder, as well as holoprosencephaly. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. Additional splice variants have been described, but their full length sequences and biological validity cannot be determined currently.

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