Elabscience[®]

GALR2 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-19893

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description		
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat	
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide of human GALR2	
Host	Rabbit	
Isotype	IgG	
Purification	Antigen affinity purification	
Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.	

Applications	Recommended Dilution
IHC	1:30-1:150

Data





Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer tissue using GALR2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution colorectal cancer tissue using GALR2 Polyclonal Antibody of 1:25(×200)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human at dilution of 1:25(×200)

Preparation & Storage	
Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Shipping	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

Background

GALR2 (Galanin Receptor 2) is a Protein Coding gene. Among its related pathways are Peptide ligand-binding receptors and Signaling by GPCR. GO annotations related to this gene include G-protein coupled receptor activity and galanin receptor activity. An important paralog of this gene is GALR3. Galanin is an important neuromodulator present in the brain, gastrointestinal system, and hypothalamopituitary axis. It is a 30-amino acid non-C-terminally amidated peptide that potently stimulates growth hormone secretion, inhibits cardiac vagal slowing of heart rate, abolishes sinus arrhythmia, and inhibits postprandial gastrointestinal motility. The actions of galanin are mediated through interaction with specific membrane receptors that are members of the 7-transmembrane family of G protein-coupled receptors. GALR2 interacts with the N-terminal residues of the galanin peptide. The primary signaling mechanism for GALR2 is through the phospholipase C/protein kinase C pathway (via Gq), in contrast to GALR1, which communicates its intracellular signal by inhibition of adenylyl cyclase through Gi. However, it has been demonstrated that GALR2 couples efficiently to both the Gq and Gi proteins to simultaneously activate 2 independent signal transduction pathways.

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