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# PE/Cyanine5 Anti-Human CD86 Antibody[BU63]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1012G

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### Description

Reactivity Human Host Mouse

**Isotype** Mouse IgG1, κ

Clone No. BU63

Isotype Control PE/Cyanine5 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792G]

Conjugation PE/Cyanine 5

Conjugation Information PE/Cyanine5 is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and

yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 670 nm

(e.g., a 690/50 nm bandpass filter).

Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

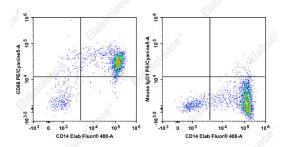
#### Applications Recommended usage

FCM Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount

of the reagent is suggested to be used 5  $\mu$ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100  $\mu$ L staining volume or per 100  $\mu$ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for

individual use.

### Data



Staining of normal human peripheral blood cells with Anti-

Human CD14 Elab Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 and Anti-Human CD86 PE/Cyanine5 (left) or Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control PE/Cyanine5 (right). Cells in the monocyte gate were used for analysis.

#### **Preparation & Storage**

**Storage** Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

#### **Antigen Information**

Alternate Names Activation B7-2 antigen;Cd86;ETC-1;Early T-cell costimulatory molecule 1;T-lymphocyte

Web: www.elabscience.cn

activation antigen CD86

## For Research Use Only

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Uniprot ID Gene ID Background P42081 942

CD86 is an 80 kD immunoglobulin superfamily member also known as B7-2, B70, and Ly-58. CD86 is expressed on activated B and T cells, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, and astrocytes. CD86, along with CD80, is the ligand of CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4). CD86 is expressed earlier in the immune response than CD80. CD86 has also been shown to be involved in immunoglobulin class-switching and triggering of NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity. CD86 binds to CD28 to transduce costimulatory signals for T cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD86 can bind to CD152 as well, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.