# Recombinant Rat TNF-αsf protein(His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDER100163



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

|   |    |  |      | ption |    |              |
|---|----|--|------|-------|----|--------------|
|   | 06 |  | TO T | m     | 11 | $\mathbf{n}$ |
| v |    |  |      |       | ш  | w            |

**Species** Rat

Source E.coli-derived Rat TNF-αs f protein Gly57-Leu235, with an N-terminal His

 Mol\_Mass
 19.7 kDa

 Accession
 P16599

**Bio-activity** Not validated for activity

#### **Properties**

**Purity** > 85% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

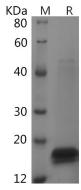
ShippingThis product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.FormulationLyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%

Mannitol

**Reconstitution** It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of

0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

### Data



> 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

#### Background

Cytokine that binds to TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 and TNFRSF1B/TNFBR. It is mainly secreted by macrophages and can induce cell death of certain tumor cell lines. It is potent pyrogen causing fever by direct action or by stimulation of interleukin-1 secretion and is implicated in the induction of cachexia, Under certain conditions it can stimulate cell proliferation and induce cell differentiation. Induces insulin resistance in adipocytes via inhibition of insulin-induced IRS1 tyrosine phosphorylation and insulin-induced glucose uptake. Induces GKAP42 protein degradation in adipocytes which is partially responsible for TNF-induced insulin resistance. Plays a role in angiogenesis by inducing VEGF production synergistically with IL1B and IL6.

## For Research Use Only