Elabscience®

Porcine IL-1a Antibody Pair Set

Catalog No.E-KAB-0617ApplicationsELISASynonymsIL1A;IL1-A;IL1;IL1F1;Preinterleukin 1 Alpha;Hematopoietin-1;Pro-Interleukin-1-Alpha

Kit components & Storage

Title	Specifications	Storage
Porcine IL-1α Capture Antibody	1 vial, 100 µ g	Store at -20° C for one year.
		Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Porcine IL-1α Detection Antibody	1 vial, 50 μL	Store at -20° C for one year.
(Biotin)		Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information

Items		Characteristic (E-KAB-0617)		
		Porcine IL-1α Capture Antibody	Porcine IL-1α Detection Antibody (Biotin)	
Immunogen	Immunogen	Recombinant Porcine IL-1a protien	Recombinant Porcine IL-1a protien	
Information	Swissprot	P18430		
Product details	Reactivity	Porcine	Porcine	
	Host	Goat	Goat	
	Conjugation	Unconjugated	Biotin	
	Concentration	0.5 mg/mL	/	
	Buffer	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300; 50%	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300; 1%	
		glycerol; pH 7.5	protective protein; 50% glycerol; pH	
			7.5	
	Purify	Antigen Affinity	Antigen Affinity	
	Specificity	Detects Porcine IL-1a in ELISAs.		

For Research Use Only

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Applications

Porcine IL-1α Sandwich ELISA Assay:

	Recommended	Reagent	Images
	Concentration/Dilution		
ELISA	0.5-4 μg/mL	Porcine IL-1a Capture	
Capture		Antibody	10
			Atista
ELISA	1:1000-1:10000	Porcine IL-1a Detection	Optical Density
Detection		Antibody (Biotin)	0.1
			· ·
			100 1000 10000
			Porcine IL-1α Concentration (pg/mL)

Note: This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay!

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the interleukin 1 cytokine family. This cytokine is a pleiotropic cytokine involved in various immune responses , inflammatory processes , and hematopoiesis. This cytokine is produced by monocytes and macrophages as a proprotein , which is proteolytically processed and released in response to cell injury , and thus induces apoptosis. This gene and eight other interleukin 1 family genes form a cytokine gene cluster on chromosome 2. It has been suggested that the polymorphism of these genes is associated with rheumatoid arthritis and Alzheimer's disease.