Recombinant Human GLUL Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH032494

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Species	Human
Source	E.coli-derived Human GLUL protein Thr 2-Asn373, with an C-terminal His
Calculated MW	43.1 kDa
Observed MW	40-50 kDa
Accession	P15104
Bio-activity	Not validated for activity
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Properties Durity	> 05.0% as determined by reducing SDS DACE
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Concentration	Subject to label value.
Endotoxin	$< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu \text{g}$ of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Store at $< -20^{\circ}$ C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel
	packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at $< -20^{\circ}$ C.
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 200mM NaCl, 50mM
	Imidazole, pH 8.0.
Data	
kDa	MK and R
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90	
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> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Glutamine Synthetase reglutes intracellular concentration of glutamate. Glutamine Synthetase catalyzes the synthesis of glutamine from glutamate and ammonia. Glutamine is an important source of energy and that takes part in cell prolifetation, inhibition of apoptosis, and cell signaling. Glutamine Synthetase is expressed during early fetal stages, and has a role in maintaining body PH by removing ammonia from circulation. Mutations in the GLUL gene are related to congenital glutamine deficiency.