## Recombinant Mouse Interleukin-2/IL-2 Protein

Catalog Number: PKSM041320

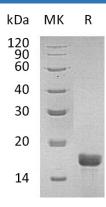


Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Species	Mouse
Mol_Mass	17.4 kDa
Accession	P04351
Bio-activity	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using CTLL- 2 mouse cytotoxic T cells. The
	specific activity of Recombinant Mouse IL-2 is ≥1×10 <sup>7</sup> IU/mg.
Properties	

	spooms would be a recommendation of the property of the second many through the property of the second many through the property of the second many through the second many th
Properties	
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	$< 0.01$ EU per $\mu g$ of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of
	reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Sodium Citrate, 0.2% Tween 80,
	pH 3.0.
	Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants
	before lyophilization.
	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

## Data



## Background

Interleukin 2 (IL 2), also termed T-cell growth factor, is a member of the cytokine family which includes IL-4, IL-7, IL-9, IL-15 and IL-21. Each member of this family has a four alpha helix bundle. IL-2 signals through the IL-2 receptor, a complex consisting of tree subunits, termed alpha, beta and gamma. The IL-2 R gamma is shared by cytokine receptors of all members of cytokine family. Mature mouse IL-2 shares 56% and 73% aa sequence identity with human and rat IL-2, respectively. IL-2 is produced by CD4+ T cell, CD8+ T cells, gamma  $\delta$  T cells, B cells, dendritic cells and eosinophils, and plays a vital role in key function of the immune system, tolerance and immunity, primarily via its potent stimulatory activity for T cells. Thus, IL-2 may be a key cytokine in the natural suppression of autoimmunity.

## For Research Use Only