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# Recombinant Human XIAP/BIRC4 Protein (AVI Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH031510

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### Description

Species Human

Source E.coli-derived Human XIAP/BIRC4 protein Leu 121-Thr 356, with an C-terminal Avi

Calculated MW 29.1 kDa
Observed MW 29.1 kDa
Accession NP 001158.2

**Bio-activity** Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized recombinant

human SMAC-His at 10 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind recombinant human XIAP-AVI

with a linear range of 0.125-1.0 μg/ml.

#### **Properties**

**Purity** > 75 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** Please contact us for more information.

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. **Formulation** Lyophilized from sterile 25mM Tris, 10mM DTT, 1% glycerol, 0.2M Glutamine

Potassium, pH 8.0

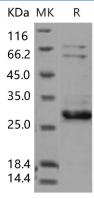
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

#### Data



> 75 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

### For Research Use Only

#### Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



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E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase XIAP / BIRC4, also known as inhibitor of apoptosis protein 3, X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein, and IAP-like protein, is a protein that belongs to a family of apoptotic suppressor proteins. Members of this family share a conserved motif termed, baculovirus IAP repeat, which is necessary for their anti-apoptotic function. XIAP / BIRC4 functions through binding to tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factors TRAF1 and TRAF2 and inhibits apoptosis induced by menadione, a potent inducer of free radicals, and interleukin 1-beta converting enzyme. XIAP / BIRC4 also inhibits at least two members of the caspase family of cell-death proteases, caspase-3 and caspase-7. Mutations in this encoding gene are the cause of X-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Thought to be the most potent apoptosis suppressor, XIAP / BIRC4, directly binds and inhibits caspases -3, -7 and -9. Survivin, which also binds to several caspases, is up-regulated in a many tumour cell types. Defects in XIAP / BIRC4 are the cause of lymphoproliferative syndrome X-linked type 2 (XLP2). XLP is a rare immunodeficiency characterized by extreme susceptibility to infection with Epstein-Barr virus (EBV). Symptoms include severe or fatal mononucleosis, acquired hypogammaglobulinemia, pancytopenia and malignant lymphoma.

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