

## PerCP/Cyanine5.5 Anti-Human CD371 Antibody[50C1]

Catalog Number: AN00320J

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

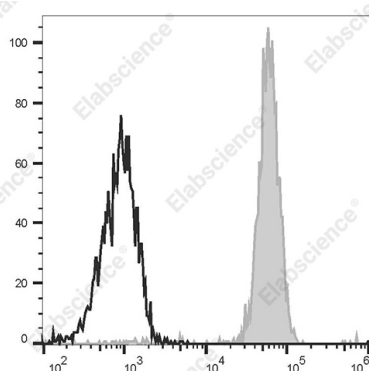
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG2a, κ
Clone No.	50C1
Isotype Control	PerCP/Cyanine5.5 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792J]
Conjugation	PerCP/Cyanine 5.5
Conjugation Information	PerCP/Cyanine5.5 is designed to be excited by the blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 675 nm (e.g., a 690/50 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer.

### Applications

### Recommended usage

FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. <b>The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood).</b> Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.
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### Data



Staining of normal human peripheral blood cells with PerCP/Cyanine5.5 Anti-Human CD371 Antibody[50C1] (filled gray histogram) or PerCP/Cyanine5.5 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram). Cells in the monocytes gate were used for analysis.

### Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 24 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

### Antigen Information

Alternate Names	CLL1;M1CL;CLL-1;DCAL-2;C-type lectin domain family 12 member A
Uniprot ID	Q5QGZ9
Gene ID	160364

### For Research Use Only

## Background

CD371 (CLEC12A), also known as DCAL-2, M1CL or CLL-1, is a 30 kD type II transmembrane protein with extracellular C-type lectin domains, belonging to the C-type lectin family. It is expressed on monocytes, granulocytes, NK cells, and basophils. Its cytoplasmic ITIM motif modulates signaling cascades and is involved in phosphorylation of tyrosine residues in MAP kinases.