

Recombinant IKK gamma Monoclonal Antibody

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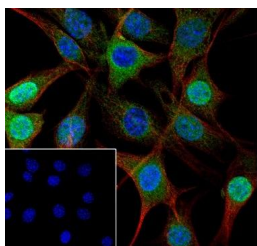
Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity	Human;Mouse
Immunogen	Recombinant human IKK gamma fragment
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG, κ
Clone	A516
Purification	Protein A purified
Buffer	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05% protein protectant.

Applications Recommended Dilution

WB	1:500-1:2000
IF	1:50
FCM	1:50-1:100
IP	1:25-1:50



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% Paraformaldehyde) fixed NIH/3T3 cells using anti-IKK gamma Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bag

Background

IKK gamma (IKK γ) is a subunit of a high molecular weight I κ B kinase (IKK) complex, which is involved in NF- κ B activation. The catalysis of I κ B kinase (IKK) complex is generally carried out by three tightly associated IKK subunits. IKK α and IKK β serve as the catalytic subunits of the kinase and IKK γ serves as the regulatory subunit. Activation of IKK depends upon phosphorylation at Ser177 and Ser181 in the activation loop of IKK β (Ser176 and Ser180 in IKK α), which causes conformational changes, resulting in kinase activation. Activation of the NF- κ B pathway by the T-cell lymphotropic virus Tax protein or by TNF- α treatment leads to IKK β -dependent phosphorylation of human IKK γ , primarily at Ser376. In mice, mutation of the orthologous residue (Ser369) to alanine leads to enhanced IKK γ -mediated stimulation of IKK β kinase activity.

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