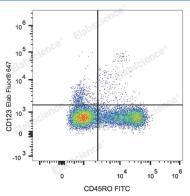
## Elab Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 Anti-Human CD123 Antibody[6H6]

## Catalog Number: E-AB-F1117M

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
lsotype	Mouse IgG1, κ
Clone No.	6H6
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor <sup>®</sup> 647 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792M]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor <sup>®</sup> 647
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor <sup>®</sup> 647 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 670 nm (e.g., a 660/20 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.
Applications	Recommended usage
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 µL staining volume or per 100 µL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with Elab

 $\mathsf{Fluor}^{\textcircled{R}}$  647 Anti-Human CD123 Antibody and FITC Anti-Human CD45RO Antibody.

Preparation & Storag	ge
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged
	exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	IL-3 Receptor alpha;IL-3Rα
Uniprot ID	P26951
Gene ID	3563

For Research Use Only

## **Elabscience**®

Background

CD123 is the 70 kD transmembrane  $\alpha$  chain of the IL-3 receptor. Alone, CD123 binds IL-3 with low affinity; when CD123 associates with CDw131 (common  $\beta$  chain), it binds IL-3 with high affinity. CD123 does not transduce intracellular signals upon binding IL-3 and requires the  $\beta$  chain for this function. CD123 is expressed by myeloid precursors, macrophages, dendritic cells, mast cells, basophils, megakaryocytes, and some B cells.