

TPO/THPO (N-6His), Mouse, Recombinant

Cat. No. : PCK098

General Information

Synonyms	Thrombopoietin;C-mpl Ligand;Megakaryocyte colony-stimulating factor;Megakaryocyte growth and development factor;Myeloproliferative leukemia virus oncogene Ligand;THPO
Species	Mouse
Expression host	Human Cells
Sequence	Ser22-Thr356
Accession	P40226
Tag	N-6His
Mol mass	36.4 kDa
Expiration date	12 months
Bio activity	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using MO7E human megakaryocytic leukemic cells. The ED50 for this effect is 0.60 ng/mL.

Product feature

Purity	> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin (EU/μg)	< 0.1
Storage	Lyophilized protein should be stored at -5~-20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at -5~-20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	Ice bag
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, 2 mM EDTA, pH 7.4.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in sterile water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Background

Thrombopoietin (TPO) is a glyco Protein hormone which belongs to the EPO/TPO family. It produced by the liver and kidney which regulates the production of platelets. Mature mouse Tpo shares 71% and 81% aa sequence homology with human and rat Tpo, respectively. It is an 80-85 kDa Protein that consists of an N-terminal domain with homology to Erythropoietin (Epo) and a C-terminal domain that contains multiple N-linked and O-linked glycosylation sites. TPO stimulates the production and differentiation of megakaryocytes, the bone marrow cells that bud off large numbers of platelets. Lineage-specific Cytokine affects the proliferation and maturation of megakaryocytes from their committed progenitor cells. It acts at a late stage of megakaryocyte development. It may be the major physiological regulator of circulating platelets.