

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

TRAF6 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-18251

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Fusion protein of human TRAF6

Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG

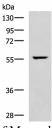
Purification Antigen affinity purification

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

Applications Recommended Dilution

WB 1:500-1:2000 **IHC** 1:30-1:150

Data

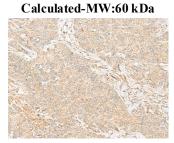


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded

Western blot analysis of Mouse heart tissue lysate using TRAF6 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:300

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using TRAF6 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:30(×200)

Observed-MW:Refer to figures



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using TRAF6 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:30(×200)

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack,upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

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The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF receptor associated factor (TRAF) protein family. TRAF proteins are associated with, and mediate signal transduction from, members of the TNF receptor superfamily. This protein mediates signaling from members of the TNF receptor superfamily as well as the Toll/IL-1 family. Signals from receptors such as CD40, TNFSF11/RANCE and IL-1 have been shown to be mediated by this protein. This protein also interacts with various protein kinases including IRAK1/IRAK, SRC and PKCzeta, which provides a link between distinct signaling pathways. This protein functions as a signal transducer in the NF-kappaB pathway that activates IkappaB kinase (IKK) in response to proinflammatory cytokines. The interaction of this protein with UBE2N/UBC13, and UBE2V 1/UEV1A, which are ubiquitin conjugating enzymes catalyzing the formation of polyubiquitin chains, has been found to be required for IKK activation by this protein. This protein also interacts with the transforming growth factor (TGF) beta receptor complex and is required for Smad-independent activation of the JNK and p38 kinases. This protein has an amino terminal RING domain which is followed by four zinc-finger motifs, a central coiled-coil region and a highly conserved carboxyl terminal domain, known as the TRAF-C domain. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants, encoding an identical protein, have been reported.

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