Elabscience[®]

TCIRG1 Polyclonal Antibody

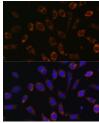
catalog number: E-AB-65293

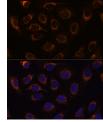
Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

| Description | |
|--------------|--|
| Reactivity | Human;Mouse;Rat |
| Immunogen | Recombinant fusion protein of human TCIRG1 (NP_006010.2). |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Is otype | IgG |
| Purification | Affinity purification |
| Buffer | Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol. |
| Applications | Recommended Dilution |

| reprications | Recommended Dilution |
|--------------|----------------------|
| IF | 1:50-1:200 |
| | |

Data





Immunofluorescence analysis of L929 cells using TCIRG1 Immunofluorescence analysis of U-2 OS cells using TCIRG1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

| Preparation & Storage | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Storage | Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. |
| Shipping | The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended. |

Background

This gene encodes a subunit of a large protein complex known as a vacuolar H+-ATPase (V-ATPase). The protein complex acts as a pump to move protons across the membrane. This movement of protons helps regulate the pH of cells and their surrounding environment. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, and receptor-mediated endocytosis. V-ATPase is comprised of a cytosolic VI domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Mutations in this gene are associated with infantile malignant osteopetrosis.