Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

DDIT4 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-11148

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Recombinant protein of human DDIT4

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

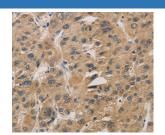
Purification Affinity purification

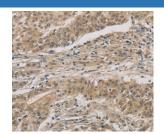
Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

Recommended Dilution Applications

IHC 1:50-1:200

Data





cancer tissue using DDIT4 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human gastric cancer tissue using DDIT4 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution

1:30

Preparation & Storage

Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Storage

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

REDD-1, also designated DNA-damage-inducible transcript 4, dig2 or RTP801, is thought to function in the regulation of reactive oxygen species (ROS). REDD-1 expression has also been linked to apoptosis, Ab toxicity and the pathogenesis of ischemic diseases. As an HIF-1-responsive gene, REDD-1 exhibits strong hypoxia-dependent upregulation in ischemic cells of neuronal origin. In response to stress due to DNA damage and glucocorticoid treatment, REDD-1 is upregulated at the transcriptional level. REDD-1 negatively regulates the mammalian target of Rapamycin (mTOR), a serine/threonine kinase often referred to as FRAP. It is crucial in the coupling of extra- and intracellular cues to FRAP regulation. The absence of REDD-1 is associated with the development of retinopathy, a major cause of blindness.

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