## Recombinant Mouse IL-7 protein(His Tag)

## Catalog Number: PKSM041462

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Species	Mouse
Source	E.coli-derived Mouse IL-7 protein Glu 26-Ile 154, with an C-terminal His
Calculated MW	15.8 kDa
Observed MW	16 kDa
Accession	P10168
Bio-activity	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using PHA-activated human peripheral blood
	lymphocytes (PBMC). The $ED_{50}$ for this effect is <0.2 ng/mL. The specific activity of
	recombinant mouse IL-7 is $> 5 \ge 10^6$ IU/mg.
Properties	
Purity	> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 0.1 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.
	Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	
	Da
ĸ	
	75- 63-
	48-
:	35-
:	25-
	17-

> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

11-

## Background

IL7, also known as interleukin 7, is a hematopoietic growth factor that belongs to the IL-7/IL-9 family. It is secreted by stromal cells in the bone marrow and thymus. IL7 stimulates the proliferation of lymphoid progenitors. It is important for proliferation during certain stages of B-cell maturation. IL7 and the hepatocyte growth factor (HGF) form a heterodimer that functions as a pre-pro-B cell growth-stimulating factor. It is found to be a cofactor for V(D)J rearrangement of the T cell receptor beta (TCRB) during early T cell development. IL7 can be produced locally by intestinal epithelial and epithelial goblet cells and may serve as a regulatory factor for intestinal mucosal lymphocytes.

For Research Use Only