

## Recombinant Mouse IL-7 protein(His Tag)

**Catalog Number:** PKSM041462

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

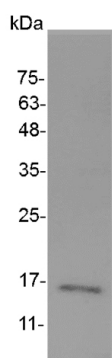
### Description

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>Species</b>      | Mouse   |
| <b>Source</b>       | E.coli-derived Mouse IL-7 protein Glu 26-Ile 154, with an C-terminal His  |
| <b>Mol_Mass</b>     | 15.8 kDa  |
| <b>Accession</b>    | P10168  |
| <b>Bio-activity</b> | Measured in a cell proliferation assay using PHA-activated human peripheral blood lymphocytes (PBMC). The ED <sub>50</sub> for this effect is <0.2 ng/mL. The specific activity of recombinant mouse IL-7 is > 5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> IU/mg. |

### Properties

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <b>Purity</b>         | > 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.   |
| <b>Endotoxin</b>      | < 0.1 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.  |
| <b>Storage</b>        | Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |
| <b>Shipping</b>       | This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.  |
| <b>Formulation</b>    | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.<br>Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.<br>Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.             |
| <b>Reconstitution</b> | Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.   |

### Data



> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

### Background

IL7, also known as interleukin 7, is a hematopoietic growth factor that belongs to the IL-7/IL-9 family. It is secreted by stromal cells in the bone marrow and thymus. IL7 stimulates the proliferation of lymphoid progenitors. It is important for proliferation during certain stages of B-cell maturation. IL7 and the hepatocyte growth factor (HGF) form a heterodimer that functions as a pre-pro-B cell growth-stimulating factor. It is found to be a cofactor for V(D)J rearrangement of the T cell receptor beta (TCRβ) during early T cell development. IL7 can be produced locally by intestinal epithelial and epithelial goblet cells and may serve as a regulatory factor for intestinal mucosal lymphocytes.

### For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623  
Web: [www.elabscience.com](http://www.elabscience.com)

Tel: 1-832-243-6086  
Email: [techsupport@elabscience.com](mailto:techsupport@elabscience.com)

Fax: 1-832-243-6017