Elabscience®

Human TSLP Antibody Pair Set

Catalog No.	E-KAB-0471	Applications	ELISA
Synonyms	TSLP		

Kit components & Storage

Title	Specifications	Storage
Human TSLP Capture Antibody	1 vial, 100 µ g	Store at -20° C for one year.
		Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Human TSLP Detection Antibody	1 vial, 50 μL	Store at -20°C for one year.
(Biotin)		Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information

Items		Characteristic (E-KAB-0471)		
		Human TSLP Capture Antibody	Human TSLP Detection Antibody	
		Human TSEL Capture Antroody	(Biotin)	
Immunogen	Immunogen	Recombinant Human TSLP protien	Recombinant Human TSLP protien	
Information	Swissprot	Q969D9		
Product details	Reactivity	Human	Human	
	Host	Sheep	Sheep	
	Conjugation	Unconjugated	Biotin	
	Concentration	0.5 mg/mL	/	
	Buffer	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300; 50%	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300; 1%	
		glycerol; pH 7.5	protective protein; 50% glycerol; pH	
			7.5	
	Purify	Antigen Affinity	Antigen Affinity	
	Specificity	Detects Human TSLP in ELISAs.		

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Applications

Human TSLP Sandwich ELISA Assay:

	Recommended Concentration/Dilution	Reagent	Images
ELISA Capture	0.5-4 μg/mL	Human TSLP Capture Antibody	10]
ELISA	1:1000-1:10000	Human TSLP Detection	optical Density
Detection		Antibody (Biotin)	
			0. 01 4 10 100 1000 1000 Human TSLP Concentration (pg/mL)

Note: This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay!

Background

This gene encodes a hemopoietic cytokine proposed to signal through a heterodimeric receptor complex composed of the thymic stromal lymphopoietin receptor and the IL-7R alpha chain. It mainly impacts myeloid cells and induces the release of T cell-attracting chemokines from monocytes and enhances the maturation of CD11c (+) dendritic cells. The protein promotes T helper type 2 (TH2) cell responses that are associated with immunity in various inflammatory diseases , including asthma , allergic inflammation and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. The protein is therefore considered a potential therapeutic target for the treatment of such diseases. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants.