

## OPG/TNFRSF11B (C-6His), Human, Recombinant

Cat. No. : PCK213

### 产品信息

别名	Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Superfamily Member 11B;Osteoclastogenesis Inhibitory Factor;Osteoprotegerin; TNFRSF11B; OCIF; OPG
物种	Human
表达宿主	Human Cells
序列信息	Glu22-Leu401
检索号	O00300
分子量	44.65 kDa
有效期	12 months
生物活性	Measured by its ability to inhibit TRAIL-mediated cytotoxicity using L-929 mouse fibroblast cells treated with TRAIL. The ED50 for this effect is 10.6 ng/mL.

### 产品特性

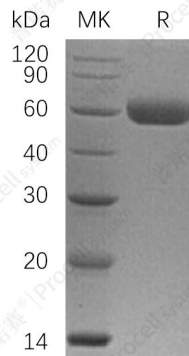
内毒素	< 1.0 EU per 1 µg as determined by LAL test.
保存	Lyophilized protein should be stored at -5~-20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at -5~-20°C for 3 months.
运输	Ambient temperature or ice pack.
制剂	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
复溶	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 µg/mL. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in sterile water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

### 背景介绍

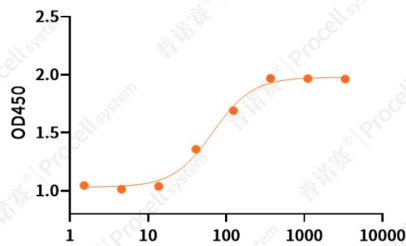
TNFRSF11B is a secreted Protein, containing 2 death domains and 4 TNFR-Cys repeats. TNFRSF11B is a decoy Receptor for the Receptor activator of nuclear factor kappa B Ligand (RANKL). By binding RANKL, TNFRSF11B inhibits nuclear kappa B (NF-κB) which is a central and rapid acting transcription factor for immune-related genes, and a key regulator of inflammation, innate immunity, and cell survival and differentiation. TNFRSF11B levels are influenced by voltage-dependent calcium channels Cav1.2. TNFRSF11B can reduce the production of osteoclasts by inhibiting the differentiation of osteoclast precursors (osteoclasts are related to monocytes/macrophages and are Derived from granulocyte/macrophage-forming colony units (CFU-GM)) into osteoclasts and also regulates the resorption of osteoclasts in vitro and in vivo. TNFRSF11B binding to RANKL on osteoblast/stromal cells, blocks the RANKL-RANK Ligand interaction between osteoblast/stromal cells and osteoclast precursors. This has the effect of inhibiting the differentiation of the osteoclast precursor into a mature osteoclast.



### SDS-PAGE



### Bio activity



Measured by its ability to inhibit TRAIL-mediated cytotoxicity using L-929 mouse fibroblast cells treated with TRAIL. The ED50 for this effect is 10.6 ng/mL.

