

Recombinant Human Arginase-1 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number:PDEH100053



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

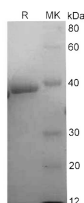
Description

Synonyms	ARG1;Al;Arginase 1;Arginase liver;
Species	Human
Expression Host	E.coli
Sequence	Met1-Lys322
Accession	P05089
Calculated Molecular Weight	36.9 kDa
Observed molecular weight	38-40 kDa
Tag	N-His

Properties

Purity	> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	Please contact us for more information.
Storage	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.
Formulation	Supplied as sterile solution of 25mM Tris-HCl, 150mM KCl, 1mM DTT, 20% glycerol,pH 8.0.
Reconstitution	Not Applicable

Data



> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Arginase 1, also known as liver arginase, is a binuclear manganese metalloenzyme. It is a key enzyme of the urea cycle that catalyses the conversion of L-arginine into L-ornithine and urea, the final cytosolic reaction of urea formation in the mammalian liver. Arginase 1 is abundantly expressed in liver, but it is also expressed in cells and tissues that lack a complete urea cycle, including lung. Arginase is a critical regulator of nitric oxide synthesis and vascular function. It is implicated in a variety of human diseases including vascular disease, pulmonary disease, infectious disease, immune cell function and cancer. In humans, hereditary defects in arginase result in an accumulation of arginine in the blood known as hyperarginemia. Arginase deficiency can also result in the accumulation of nitrogen in the form of ammonia, which results in hyperammonemia.

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